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LORDS VETO BILL

Churchill Enters The Fray

London, Nov. 11.—Mr Winston Churchill, ignoring his physician's advice, appeared in the House of Commons today to lead the fight against the bill to curb the powers of the House of Lords and declare that under the Labour government "we are approaching very near to dictatorship in Britain."

"What is aimed at" the opposition leader declared, "is a simple Chamber government at the dictatorship of Ministers without regard to the wishes of the people."

"We are approaching very near to dictatorship in Britain—a dictatorship without either its criminality or efficiency."

"As a freeborn Englishman, what I hate most is a sense of being at anybody's mercy or in anybody's power—be it Hitler or Atlee."

Mr Churchill, who will be 73 this month, was ill with a cold and could not appear on Monday for the opening of the debate. His presence today, he said, "was under some protest from my medical advisers."

SINISTER INTRIGUE

Leading the opposition attack and replying to taunts of the deputy Prime Minister, Mr Herbert Morrison, a longtime political foe, Churchill accused the government of "sinister intrigue" in its move to reduce from two years to one the Peers' veto power on legislation passed by the Commons.

"By this artful and insincere scheme," Churchill declared, the Socialists "hope to substitute for the will of the people the decisions of the government."

"These are men who are bringing us to ruin," the wartime Prime Minister continued. "It may be that they are going to be more hated than any since the franchise was extended."

"It may be that not only bankruptcy but actual starvation will come to these islands largely through their mismanagement."

Mr Churchill, obviously mindful of heavy Conservative gains and Labour losses in recent voting for municipal officials in England and Wales declared:

"If there was a General election tomorrow, the Socialist majority would vanish. If they wait another year, they themselves will vanish for a considerable period—unhappy, unhonoured, unstung and unhung."

Charging the government with dictatorial tendencies, Churchill said: "This nation more than any knows how to control their rulers."

"You are the rulers now," he added ominously, "and we are going to show you that there are limits to your control. These are incompetent ministers who have brought upon us many miseries, who say 'to hell with the will of the people'."

—Associated Press.

EDITORIAL

Controlling Car Prices

THE Government department of Supplies, Trade and Industry has found it necessary to reimpose controlled prices on American-imported cars, notwithstanding bitter objection by dealers. The fairness or otherwise of these restrictions is obviously debatable. Briefly Government argues that some dealers are making too big a margin of profit on American cars purchased through official exchange allocations and that a gentleman's agreement is not being strictly observed. The dealers counter with three points: (a) that cars come into the luxury category and therefore should not be subject to control; (b) the margin of profit allowed under the new control rates is insufficient; (c) the "ceiling" or American cars has now fallen so close to ruling prices for British cars that the 15 percent tariff designed to protect the British production is virtually nullified. Justification of the S.T. and I action must depend on the extent to which controls benefit the general public. This has long been the guiding principle of the department and the same factor has influenced Government to avoid, as far as possible, controlling unessential commodities. If, therefore, the authorities are willing to concede

High Honour For Princess

London, Nov. 11.—Princess Elizabeth today became a member of the 600-year old Order of the Garter, the premier Order of Britain, when the King invested her with the insignia at a private ceremony at Buckingham Palace.

The Princess will wear the Order's broad ribbon in kingfisher blue, bearing the motto "Honi soit qui mal y pense" (Evil be to him who evil thinks) in golden letters, at her wedding next week.

The only other women members of the Order are the Queen, Queen Mary and Queen Wilhelmina of The Netherlands.—Reuter.

Communists Break Into Stronghold

Peiping, Nov. 11.—Chinese Communists on Tuesday night broke into Shihkiachwang and street fighting raged, pro-government dispatches reported.

There were rumours that the Communists had completely conquered the city, whose defenders had promised to "defend to the death" in response to exhortations by Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek.

Government military authorities in Peiping acknowledged that radio contact with the defenders had broken. That suggested to some that rumours of the city's fall might be true.

Shihkiachwang is an important rail junction city, 172 miles southwest of Peiping. Earlier reports said the Communists were breaking into the city, which had three lines of defence from the northern approach. These reports said the Communists occupied one-third of the city. It was without light and power because its electric plant had been destroyed.—Associated Press.

Procession May Be Gay After All

London, Nov. 11.—The Government is reconsidering its earlier decision that the drab wartime uniform should be worn by the Household Cavalry, Britain's crack cavalry regiment, when escorting Princess Elizabeth to and from her wedding on November 20.

This was announced in the House of Commons today and followed recent complaints that the Household Cavalry had appeared in their colourful red and white uniforms with burnished steel helmets surmounted by white plumes, and burnished steel breastplates and backplates for film-making purposes.—Reuter.

Resistance Forces Clash With Siamese Regulars

OPPOSITION TO NEW REGIME

Bangkok, Nov. 11.—Fighting between the Siamese regular army and "resistance forces" was reported in Siam today by Lieutenant General Phin Chunhawan, Deputy Supreme Commander in the new regime which seized power on Sunday. General Phin described the opposition as "Siamese people's resistance forces".

The order was flashed today for all garrisons to be on the alert throughout the country to cope with uprisings in various parts of the nation and for troops to be ready to march in 24 hours. A military spokesman of the Siamese Command denied that any clashes had taken place in army stations.

Lieutenant Colonel Chulalon, Public Relations Officer of the Military Command, told correspondents here that all military units throughout the country were co-operating with the Command and denied rumours of clashes between Government troops and resistance forces.

Marshal Phibul Songgram, who assumed power on Sunday, received the British, United States and Chinese Ambassadors today. Lieutenant Colonel Chulalon revealed, and the talks were "cordial."

General Adlat Dejarat, the Commander-in-Chief, who is now a member of the new Supreme State Council, gave instructions to all military units—in his first order issued since the coup d'état—to obey orders because the military action taken on Sunday was "in the interests of the public."

The Foreign Under-Secretary, Bhatta Virajatej, now acting as Foreign Minister, revealed today that instructions had been sent to all Siamese diplomats abroad to carry on as usual.

This step was taken after consultation with the Military Command, he said, and added that no immediate changes of personnel and reshuffles were contemplated.

CABINET MEETS

The first meeting of the new Cabinet under the Premiership of Luang Kovid Adhalongse, set up by Marshal Phibul within 24 hours of his coup, was held today.

A policy statement was expected to be made later, with possibly a clarification of the respective powers of the Cabinet and Military Commands—which have not yet been specifically defined.

The new Premier said that the new Cabinet would "take over" tomorrow. The Cabinet is, however, only provisional, having been appointed

54 Carat Diamond Ring As Present

—Dar Es Salaam, Tanganyika, Nov. 11.—Mr J. T. Williamson, the "Diamond King of Tanganyika," today sent a 54 carat diamond ring to London as a wedding present for Princess Elizabeth. The jewel came from his mine at Mvuduli.

Mr Williamson, a Canadian, is reputed to be the richest bachelor in the world.

In September last year, when he was 39, Mr Williamson discovered a "diamond pipe" on his remote property in Shinyanga Valley, Tanganyika.

Meanwhile in London today, 27 boys from all over Britain put their best efforts into their singing at Westminster Abbey Choir School, to gain their places as chorists whose voices will ring through Westminster Abbey on November 20 when Princess Elizabeth is married to Lieutenant Philip Mountbatten.

Even more excited than the others were ten senior boys because one of them will be chosen to sing solo at the wedding.

The boys' ages range from nine years to 14 years.

It was announced from Buckingham Palace today that repair work and the redecoration of Clarence House, part of which is at present occupied by officials, will be started within a fortnight.

The property of the Royal Family, Clarence House was built in 1825 for the Duke of Clarence, later King William IV. It is a four-story gracefully proportioned building adjoining Saint James Palace.—Reuter.

specifically for 90 days, by which time a new Parliament will probably have been elected.

Arrest warrants were reported here to have been issued against two Ministers of the deposed Government of Luang Dhanrong Nawasawat—the Deputy Minister of Commerce, Dhanrong Drokunat, and the Minister of Industry, Thongin Thunphad.

All other Ministers in the former Government were understood today to be free.

An all-day run on the bank at Ayuthaya resulted in the bank stopping business temporarily. The withdrawal was reported to have been made because the principal promoter of the bank is Louis Panomyong, brother of Pridi Panomyong, the former resistance leader.

Lieutenant General Phin Chunhawan called on all leading merchants in Bangkok today and requested their co-operation with the new regime in reducing living costs in the country.

He is apparently free and it was understood that he would not be arrested.

It was reported that the deposed Premier, after interviewing the Military Command yesterday, went with his family to his home town of Ayuthaya and is at liberty.

He rejected an offer of a post in the new Cabinet set up by Marshal Phibul.

Pridi Panomyong, the anti-Japanese resistance leader, who was said to have slipped away from a dance when Marshal Phibul's forces went to arrest him at the time of the coup, is now staying at a naval cadet school at Phnom, across the River Menam, opposite Bangkok. He is apparently free and it was understood that he would not be arrested.

It was not known whether he met Marshal Phibul after the latter's seizure of power.

Admiral Sangworn, Director-General of the Police, who was also "wanted," was understood to have reported to the authorities, although this report was not confirmed.

Akhianitti Kamchon, former Finance Minister, is also at Ayuthaya.

Earlier reports said that Pridi Panomyong and Dhanrong Nawasawat had taken refuge at the Siamese naval headquarters, and that the Siamese Navy had not joined in the seizure of power by Marshal Phibul.—Reuter.

REVOLT UNSUSPECTED

San Francisco, Nov. 11.—Mr Serge Rips, special American representative for the Siamese government, said today the bloodless military revolt was "masked perfectly to strike with 'bowling ball' suddenness."

Mr Rips said he left Bangkok a few hours before the pre-dawn coup on Sunday and "there was absolutely no advance warning." He reported he had attended a cabinet meeting on Sunday to discuss long-range plans for Siamese co-operation with the United States.

"There was little disturbance anywhere at that time and no indication of trouble," he said. "I was shocked to hear of the revolt when I arrived at Honolulu."

Mr Rips, who is en route to Washington to report to the Siamese Ambassador, said he could not comment on the new government or military situation in Siam.—United Press.

Scientists Sceptical Of Soviet Atom Bomb Report

London, Nov. 11.—Comment from Moscow was awaited tonight on the report that Soviet Russia had successfully exploded her first atom bomb in Siberia last June, as published today in the independent Paris evening newspaper L'Intransigeant from its Moscow correspondent.

The correspondent declared that the Soviet Union exploded her first atom bomb on June 15 this year in a remote area of Siberia, and his report was marked: "Field from Moscow via Prague."

The correspondent said that the test explosion took place before 230 Soviet atom specialists and some Government officials. The nearest town was Irkutsk, about 50 miles from the southern tip of Lake Baikal, and about 140 miles north of the Mongolian border.

The correspondent declared that the explosion was felt over a radius of 30 kilometres (about 19 miles). "The bomb was a small one, weighing about six kilograms (13 pounds) which functioned perfectly."

Experts who watched the explosion returned to Moscow towards the end of June and had since been working in "ultra secrecy," preparing reports for Marshal Stalin.

"ULTRA CONFIDENTIAL"

The correspondent asserted that he had "ultra confidential" information that Soviet experts conceded the Soviet Union to be "five years behind the Americans in the manufacture of the atom bomb."

Foreign comments on M. Molotov's claim last week stressed that, while the secret of nuclear fission was now generally known, the United States still possessed several years' advantage in the actual production of the bombs, which was a large scale industrial problem.

M. Molotov had told a cheering multitude at last week's celebration of the 30th anniversary of the Russian Revolution that the atom bomb was "no longer a secret." "In expansionist circles of the United States," he had declared, "a new peculiar illusion is widespread: that no faith in their internal strength, they rely on the secret of the atom bomb, although this secret has long ceased to exist."

In Washington, scientists who had engaged in the preparation of the first atom bomb, ridiculed the Paris report, which they maintained contained certain basic scientific inconsistencies.

The report also claimed that the Soviet Union has constructed several huge atomic industrial centres behind the Urals and described atomic research as the No. 1 priority under the new five-year plan.

Izvestia, the Soviet Government organ, declared that the Soviet Union had sufficient strength and tremendous international influence to defend the cause of peace with success.

REPORT RIDICULED

Reuter reports from world centres gave the following reaction to the Russian claim:

Washington.—Scientists who had helped to prepare the first atom bomb ridiculed the Paris report. One scientist pointed out that the Paris story stated that the detonation was heard 30 kilometres away. The original atom bomb was heard early 100 kilometres away and a bomb heard only 30 kilometres away would be a very poor weapon indeed, he added.

Chicago.—Leading United States scientists expressed very marked scepticism at the report.

Dr. Edward Teller, Professor of Physics at the Chicago University's Institute of Nuclear Studies, said that all this does not make much sense.

Man-Power Call In Palestine

Jerusalem, Nov. 11.—The Jewish National Council—Vaad Leumi—called tonight for the immediate mobilisation of all Jewish man power and financial resources in Palestine in readiness for an "emergency" expected to arise with the setting up of a separate Jewish state.

Coupled with the call, placing Palestine's 650,000 Jews on a virtual war footing, was a series of resolutions strongly condemning terrorism as "a danger to the establishment of the Jewish state."

One of the methods decided by the council for raising money for the "security chest," was a "house curfew" placing all the Jews in Palestine under household arrest while thousands of collectors made the rounds of their homes.

"By this means we hope that no one will escape the net," the Jewish spokesman said.—Reuter.

EARLY P.I. ELECTION RETURNS

Nacionalista Party Polls Heavily

Manila, Nov. 11.—The Nacionalista Party rolled up a surprisingly large lead in early returns from the Philippines first off year election since independence.

Four killings and the disappearance of four election officials were reported. But balloting was comparatively quiet after President Manuel Roxas appealed on election eve for Filipinos to ballot "as peacefully as possible."

At least 35 persons were killed and unreported numbers wounded or kidnapped during the campaign.

Tallies from 100 precincts of Greater Manila's 752 gave the Nacionalista eight candidates for the Senate, 82,463 votes to 56,052 for those of President Roxas' Liberal Party.

Provincial returns were favouring Liberal Party candidates in a close vote.

A Roxas spokesman said Liberals led the provinces, 15,681 to 12,700. Filipinos were electing eight senators—one-third of the senate membership—for six year terms, 45 governors and a throng of lesser provincial officials.

Roxas who has 10 of the 16 hold-over senators, needs three wins in the current election to retain his majority. Pre-election estimates were that he would win six.

Leading all senatorial candidates in early returns was Camilo Osias, a Nacionalista candidate who is under indictment as a suspected wartime collaborator. Second highest was the man who fled treason charges against him, Lorenzo Tanada of the Liberal Party, a former Solicitor General.—Associated Press.

Arsenal Lose In Paris

Paris, Nov. 11.—The Racing Club of France won its second football victory against the Arsenal today 4-2 in their 17-year-old annual classic.

Arsenal has won seven times and there were two tie games. Matches were not played during the war.

The 40,000 fans at Colombes Stadium were pleased with the result as Parisians consider Arsenal to be today's best English team while Racing is fifth in the French championship league.

At Antwerp, Belgium, Chelsea, the British soccer team, beat a combined local team 2-2 today. At Liege, Belgium, Charlton was heavily defeated 5-0 in a match against a combined local team.—Associated Press.

Car Dealers Protest Against Reimposed Price Controls

Hot controversy has arisen between Hongkong motor car dealers and the Government's Supplies, Trade and Industry Department over the re-imposition of price control on American cars, which went into effect last Friday.

Motor car dealers claim that the new control, far below that of the original control price enforced during late 1940 and early 1947, forces down the selling price of American cars to the British sales level, thereby nullifying the 15% protective tariff imposed on American cars and jeopardizing the sale of British vehicles.

S. T. & I. officials state that car salesmen have been making exorbitant profits on American cars and that all cars should be sold at lower prices to protect the buying public.

All automobiles were selling at a market price well below the control price, (50% mark-up on gross cost) when all controls were lifted last April. Since that time, the market prices have steadily decreased on British makes and slightly decreased on American models.

According to motor-car dealers, the new control, (33 1/3 mark-up on gross cost) which is 20 2/3% below the original control, makes American cars purchasable at a price perilously near that of British makes.

Under the new control, an American built Chevrolet sells for \$9,500. The cost price—before dealer's profit—of an Austin 12 is \$9,000.

Moreover, they feel that American cars are a luxury item and therefore no price control should be imposed. Purchasers wishing to buy low priced cars buy British makes, dealers state.

Since little profit is made on British cars, the dealers believe that they should be able to make up their tremendous war losses through profits on American luxury cars and in this way facilitate the rehabilitation of their businesses.

Under the new control, dealers will be unable to purchase American cars on the open market rate of exchange and still receive any profit at all. The only method by which they will now be able to purchase from America is through the necessarily small allotments of badly-needed Government gold at the official exchange rate, dealers claim.

S. T. & I. states that when price control was lifted last April, it was believed that the normal process of supply and demand would continue to bring down the prices of American cars. However, during the past six months, prices have not decreased appreciatively and control must be re-imposed to protect purchasers.

Car dealers, they feel, have by now made up most of their war losses and need no longer realise large profit margins at the expense of the buying public.

Preferring to have dealers purchase gold through the open market, Government plans to ease the present price control for those who are forced to buy outside the official rate of exchange.

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Produced and Directed by OTTO PREMINGER

Commencing To-Morrow: "RAZOR'S EDGE"

Every Wednesday in the Telegraph:

Sitting on the Fence

by NATHANIEL GUBBINS

PERHAPS the biggest fool in the world today is a man called Gubbins.

Unlike most fools, who think they're pretty smart, Gubbins always knew he was a fool because, right from his earliest years, everybody but his mother not only thought he was a fool, but told him so.

At school it was always "Wake up, Gubbins. Don't be a fool, Gubbins."

As a 16-year-old office boy it was "Don't ask that, dreamy fool Gubbins to do anything. The boy's an idiot."

In the Army it was "Take the name of that idle fool in the rear rank, sergeant." "Yes, sir, Private Gubbins, sir."

Ever since, smart men have rubbed their hands at the approach of Gubbins and said to themselves, "Here comes a fool."

Although hurt and indignant on such occasions, Gubbins does not complain about being called a fool now. He knows all these people were right. He knows, if they still think the same, they are still right.

Smarter school fellows have done the same for themselves. Gubbins's one who used to kick Gubbins's shins and was so clever at arithmetic, became a successful greengrocer, selling short sweet potatoes.

The one who used to steal Gubbins's pencils did pretty well in the City.

Smarter office boys, who knew where to find everything and used to charge Gubbins 3d. for looking at their old "Mammy's" (the publication only cost 2d., anyway), became what is known as "general dealers" or early sales, and smarter soldiers held down responsible jobs as commissionaires outside cinemas.

What was the fool Gubbins doing all this time?

Every day and in every way the fool Gubbins was becoming a bigger and bigger fool, even in his own profession.

As a reporter he became the greatest fool Fleet-street has ever seen. He never got his facts right, never had enough interest in other people's business to ask them important questions, was never quite certain what he was doing or why he was doing it.

As a panic-stricken sub-editor, working against time, he would read copy over and over again without having the slightest idea what it was all about.

By the sheerest luck the fool Gubbins eventually found the obvious thing for a fool to do—to be a fool.

But, being a fool in more ways than one, he slaved away at his foolery, trying this method and that, when the secret of being a fool without effort was so obvious.

On many occasions he has pointed out that the surest way to make the English laugh is to crack a joke about a sausage. Even in mention the word, without a joke attached, is enough to send the English into hysterics.

The latest example of this odd national characteristic was noted in the House of Commons recently. To quote:—

Mr. J. S. C. Reid, Conservative member for Hillhead, Glasgow: The use of calories (as a method of assessing food values) leads to some astonishing results. Weight, for weight, there are more calories in bread than in steaming steak, and there are twice as many in sausages as in chickens. (Laughter.)

You see? It was the word "sausage" alone that sent the House reeling. So far as Gubbins can see, there was no joke attached to it.

Yet for a considerable time the fool Gubbins has been trying to think up better gags, when all he had to do for a laugh was to write "Sausage, sausage, sausage, sausage" over and over again, year in and year out, column without end.

Sea Nest

THIS fool Gubbins recently acquired a house by the sea. He had always wanted a house by the sea—a house almost on a beach full of boats and a lot of boatmen in blue jerseys, sitting on boxes and sucking pipes with nothing in them.

So, one week-end nearly two years ago, he found such a place. There was the house, there was the beach, and there were the boatmen sitting on boxes, sucking empty pipes and staring at people.

It seemed as if Providence, who is supposed to look after fools, had sent him there on purpose.

To a fool the house looked as if it had suffered war damage. In fact, it looked like that to quite sensible people. The rest of the

front had taken a bashing, and it was easy to assume that this was part of it.

The difference between a fool and a sensible person in this case would be that the sensible person would find out first before he bought, whereas the fool Gubbins did not.

The argument about war damage went on for about six months, with the fool Gubbins losing every round in the argument. He was knocked out in the last round with the information that most of the damage he thought was war damage was collapse due to old age.

The argument about a building licence went on for another six months. Gubbins had to prove that he was either homeless or about to be homeless (which he did), and all the while the cost of building material and labour went up and up.

The fool Gubbins thought he was pretty smart about the Town Planning Scheme. Being something of a bar fly, he had heard about it and made careful inquiries.

The inquiries revealed that the Gubbins house was not in the scheme, so the purchase was completed. How the fool Gubbins laughed at the fools who were buying houses that were in the scheme.

The Town Council did not strike at once. They waited till the Gubbins house was almost rebuilt. Then they thought up a new scheme, and included the Gubbins house in it.

The Children

AS nobody really believes in the Town Planning Scheme (it'll never happen in your lifetime), people say to Gubbins on mornings when he's not looking very well, "Maybe it's not important."

But two things that are important to the peace of mind of the man Gubbins are the local children and the Salvation Army.

Unlike the majority of fools, who love noise, the fool Gubbins loves quiet. In fact, he is so passionate about it that the persistent barking of one dear little doggie produces in him a temporary madness in which will one day end in dog slaughter.

Better with their make-up off!

IF it were announced that two dozen new masterpieces by the most celebrated artists—had just been acquired for the nation at a not unjustified howl would go up on all sides.

Is this the moment, it would be asked, to go throwing away the public funds on works of art? And it would not be too easy to find an answer.

Nevertheless, on view at the National Gallery, in the Clean Pictures Exhibition, are more than 50 pictures, many of which no one now living (save the staff) has ever seen before. The cost to the public has been nil.

Overall haze

A CENTURY ago it was firmly believed by the intelligentsia that no genuine Old Master was really first class unless covered with an overall golden-brown haze.

Usually this requirement was already fulfilled; for, in order to protect their canvases from dirt and damp, all painters in oils had long been accustomed to varnish their works on completion. As almost all varnishes tend to go yellow in time, the

desired effect—desired, that is, by the Victorian collector, not by the artists themselves—had in most cases been achieved.

Now at last the Director of the National Gallery has been so courageous as to remove the yellow accumulation of centuries from some of the more notoriously dirty pictures, and by so doing has revealed a whole bunch of brand-new masterpieces.

Why, it may be asked, should so sensible an action be thought particularly courageous? The answer is obvious to anyone who remembers the controversy which started as soon as it became known that cleaning had begun.

Priceless treasures, one gathered, had been irretrievably wrecked. Very sensibly the Director of the National Gallery ignored these outpourings and decided to let the public form its own opinion. Accordingly, he has placed on exhibition all the pictures cleaned in the last ten years (together with a few uncleaned ones by way of comparison). Also on view is the complicated scientific apparatus used by modern cleaners.

Faced with the result, it is hard for the layman to understand what all the fuss has been about. On one wall hang two celebrated paintings by Rembrandt, both of the flat sea-girt Dutch countryside.

In one a large tract of agricultural land lies beneath a bright blue sky, across which pass fleecy clouds throwing patches of shadow on the fields and shore below. The passer-

by, the houses, the lines of the trees are all rendered in the most miraculous but controlled detail, and one has the illusion that it would be quite possible to step across the frame into this desirable countryside.

In the other a very similar landscape is just visible through a November fog and for a moment one has the idea that one has come into the gallery wearing rather thick sunglasses.

Beliefs upset

WHAT the public will wonder, after seeing the exhibition, can possibly be the explanation of this extraordinary opposition which greeted the notion of cleaning the pictures.

There are several explanations. First, for those brought up in the old belief that all Old Masters are dark, it is impossible to accept the complete reversal of this ancient belief overnight.

For those who are also themselves painters there is an additional source of annoyance in discovering that the Old Masters could, if they wished, paint in bright colours—a monopoly which the public had long believed was only enjoyed by twentieth century artists.

Second, for anyone in the know, the groupings of the various parties in the dispute made it perfectly plain that the fury generated was in some measure a reflection of the continuous gang warfare prevailing in the world of art.

Osbert Lancaster

Therefore, it was consistent with the known foolishness of the fool Gubbins to choose a house in a district crawling with children who must have walked straight out of a Gilles cartoon.

Up till now Gubbins has always thought the Gilles children were a pardonable exaggeration. Although they delight him more than anything in British journalism today, he never thought such revolting little beasts could possibly exist.

Now he knows that they not only exist, but shout and scream and curse and blaspheme and bang the lids of dustbins for hours on end just for the hell of it.

If anything, they are more hideous than the Gilles children. Their ears are set lower in their flat heads; their legs are more spindly; their little knickers hang just a little further below their knees; their mouths are wider and in their evil grins you can observe the inherited evil of all the ages.

If these are the future soldiers of England, heaven help our next enemy.

Path to glory

REGARDING the Salvation Army, which plays and marches round the Sea Nest every Sunday afternoon, Gubbins would like to say that he has nothing whatever against the organisation as such. From ex-Servicemen he has heard nothing but praise of their good works.

But he would like to say that he has always regarded Sunday afternoon as a time for sleep. He thinks he has as much right to sleep as the Salvation Army has to bang drums and sing out of tune.

Moreover, as he regards the toleration of all opinions and all religions as the first essential to a civilised existence, he would not dare to argue with the Salvation Army about its methods of salvation.

The only observation he would like to make about this is that the Salvation Army way to heaven is not everybody's way. And certainly not the Gubbins way.

Indeed, if the Salvation Army heaven is full of earnest, red-faced young men blowing their way to glory on their trumpets, the fool Gubbins would rather go somewhere else where there is probably some good music.

So, if the S.A. thinks it is saving the Gubbins soul by waking him up every Sunday afternoon it is making a grave mistake.

When roused from a health-giving sleep by tunes which only remind him of rude marching songs he learned years ago, Gubbins is in no mood to be saved from anything unless it's homicide.

As if all this were not enough, it looks as if the poor fool Gubbins will also have to endure a fair.

This fair will be held right outside the Sea Nest, with apparently no better object than to annoy Gubbins and some other silly people who thought they had come to live in a quiet place.

According to reports of horrified residents, there will be swings, roundabouts, coconut shies, steam organs and half the population of London all over the road.

The fool Gubbins warns the council that as the fair is being held on a public road without the consent of the majority of residents, and against the wishes of most of the townspeople, this is a move towards totalitarianism in local administration, and that one day they will find a swastika flying from the Town Hall—hoisted there, of course, by the fool Gubbins.

POCKET CARTOON



BY THE WAY

by Beachcomber

CHARLIE SUET'S scheme for teaching hens to lay bricks, by feeding them on brick lust, has failed.

The report of the committee which has been examining all the evidence for 11 months is out. Among the findings is this: "It has been ascertained that most of the hens fed on brick dust laid nothing at all."

When other feeding-stuff of a more conventional nature was added only eggs were laid. In the case of the three Derbyshire hens who laid between them eight eggs of a brick-like shape and consistency, it was found that they were too small to be used as bricks in anything but a doll's house, and were unfit for human consumption. The oldest of these eight hens is still laying useless eggs.

"There the matter rests at present," commented a well-known chick.

In passing

READING the summer number of "Wales," which is celebrating its tenth anniversary, I see that Matthew Arnold wrote, 80 years ago, words that are as true today as they were then. He referred to Wales as a country "where the past still lives, where every place has its tradition, every name its poetry, and where the people, the genuine people, know this past, this tradition, this poetry, and live with it, and cling to it."

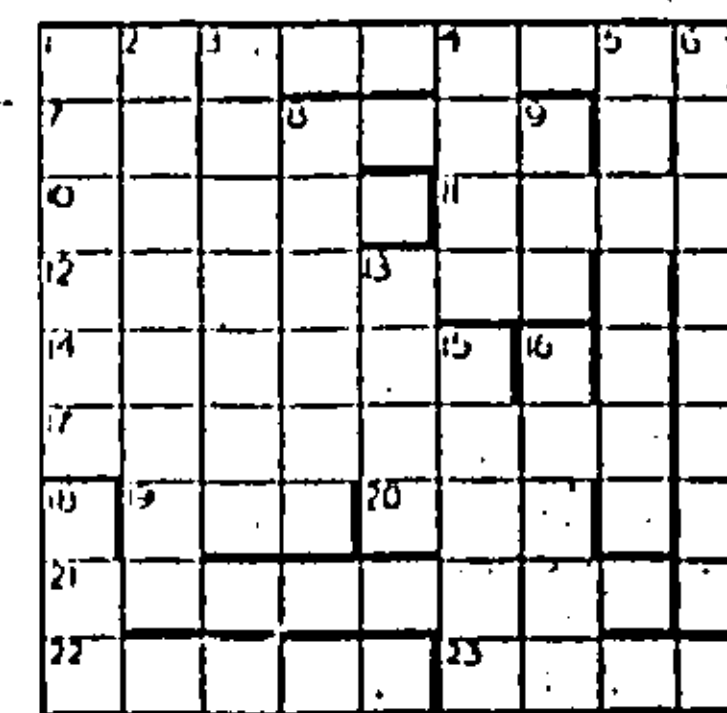
The fact that there is an Eisteddfod for me to make fun of proves all this.

'Tibetan Moonflower' (XXI.)

THE plane, piloted by a sulky Himalayan, was slightly west of Cape Shogorola (lat. 04, lon. 320), 934 miles from Tibet, when Colonel Egham and Mr D. J. Mince struggled out of their drunken sleep. "We took a drop too much of that brandy stuff," said Egham. "Drop is a mild word," said Mince ruefully.

"And do think that the called-me Egham," "If it comes to that," said Egham, "who's been calling me Egt for years. Where has it got me?" "Well, anyhow," replied Mince, "we've pulled off our ace. The last thing I remember is the signatures. 'That's true,' said Egham, "though I'm rather vague about clauses and things. I don't seem to remember much discussion about the delivery of the null beans. Let's take a look at the document." The Colonel pulled out his despatch case, opened it, and drew out an official-looking sheet of paper. Then he turned pale and uttered a low moan. "Look at this!" he groaned.

CROSSWORD



21. A kind of marble found near Athens. (8)
22. Just the thing to break a toad. (5)
23. The poppy provides one. (4)
Down
1 and 17. A pool far side (anag.). (5, 9)
2. What you are likely to do at a lecture. (8)
3. Clothing. (7)
4. River of Germany. (4)
5. There you have a lip date with a clubfoot. (7)
6. The golden land of imagination. (8)
7. Gain this and deny. (3)
8. Whirlpool. (4)
9. Code. (5)
10. Just a broken stair. (5)
11. Imitate. (3)

- Across
1. Usually fetches a short price. (9)
2. Dardanelles. (7)
3. Tones for a start. (6)
4. Tones for a start. (6)
5. Scottish form of hold. (4)
6. What a gambler it is. (7)
7. Tones for a start. (6)
8. Tones for a start. (6)
9. Give him J.O.D. and he's in. (8)
10. Tones for a start. (6)
11. Tones for a start. (6)
12. Tones for a start. (6)
13. Tones for a start. (6)
14. Tones for a start. (6)
15. Tones for a start. (6)
16. Tones for a start. (6)
17. Tones for a start. (6)
18. Tones for a start. (6)
19. Tones for a start. (6)
20. Tones for a start. (6)
21. Tones for a start. (6)
22. Tones for a start. (6)
23. Tones for a start. (6)

NANCY Advertising Expert

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Polish Delegate Seeks Action Against Franco

Lake Success, Nov. 11.—Opening the debate in the United Nations today on the Spanish issue, Poland's Oscar Lange demanded that the Security Council take measures to force Franco from power.

Lange said that Franco strengthened his hold in Spain and defied the United Nations Charter in earlier months since the General Assembly recommended the recall of Ambassadors and Ministers from Madrid.

Lange presented a resolution asking the Assembly to call on the Council to consider the Franco question within one month and order economic sanctions and other "appropriate steps" to unseat Franco. He quoted the last Assembly's resolution as saying that "there is not the slightest doubt that the reasonable time for a solution of the Spanish issue has passed."

Van Roijen of the Netherlands, acknowledging that "Franco is no weaker than a year ago" because a "certain group of Spaniards who were formerly against Franco rallied to his side when they thought that foreign interference in their country was imminent," urged the Assembly not to adopt action which is not realistic.

Economic Sanctions
He said: "It is evident under present circumstances that nothing short of economic sanctions would force Franco to quit. And it is doubtful how soon such measures would have a desired result."

Roijen added: "We all know there is no possibility of gaining a sufficient majority for a motion of economic sanctions. Rejection of such a resolution would inevitably be interpreted as a Spanish success in the international field for Franco and his regime. This being the case, the Netherlands feels that unless some delegate has a constructive suggestion aiming at the creation of a truly democratic regime in Spain, it would be infinitely better to pass no resolution at all."—United Press.

Mr. Edwards Has Blood Poisoning

London, Nov. 11.—Mr. W. J. Edwards, Civil Lord of the Admiralty—Navy stakeholder who became the first Member of Parliament from the "lower deck"—has been taken to the Royal Hospital at Haslemere with blood poisoning.

(Mr Edwards recently paid a short visit to Hongkong).—Reuter.

NOTICE

U. N. R. R. A.

Notice is hereby given that with the impending closure of the operations of the United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Administration in Hongkong, all persons or firms are requested to submit in writing to the undersigned before the 20th November, 1947, particulars of all claims or debts outstanding against the said Administration.

All debts incurred after the 20th November, 1947, until the date of final closure will be paid promptly.

The functions of the Repatriation Branch of UNRRA have as from the 1st July, 1947, been assumed by the Preparatory Commission of the International Refugee Organization with its Hongkong Office situated on the 3rd floor, of the Ritz Hotel, 122, Austin Road, Kowloon.

A. S. COWAN,
DIRECTOR,
Hongkong Branch UNRRA

Ritz Hotel,
122, Austin Road,
Kowloon.

CHINA LIGHT & POWER
CO., LTD.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS

Notice is hereby given that it is the intention of the Board of Directors, at the forthcoming Annual Meeting, to recommend the payment of a Final Dividend of \$1 on each Fully paid Share and a proportionate amount on each Partly paid Share less Tax deductible under the Inland Revenue Ordinance 1947 and Subject to the audit of the Company's Accounts.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD,
P. W. A. WOOD,
Secretary and Chief Accountant.

NOTICE

Messrs Spence, Robinson and Partners F.F. & A.R.I.B.A. Architects and Surveyors, have now moved to their new office, Room 611 Marina House, Queen's Rd.

Deputies Again Fail To Agree

London, Nov. 11.—At today's meeting here, the Foreign Ministers' deputies agreed to open their discussions of the Council of Foreign Ministers' agenda tomorrow, with the Soviet proposals to be considered first.

The deputies today concluded consideration of a document on the preliminaries of drafting the German peace settlement, referred to them by the last meeting of the Council of Foreign Ministers. The deputies failed to reach agreement on any of the points of difference.

Mr. A. Smirnov (Soviet Russia) stuck dogmatically to the Soviet stand that the Big Four powers alone should prepare the draft treaty, and that he would not agree that lesser Allied powers should be permitted to do more than "express their views" on questions in which they are interested.

Smirnov's Reply
Mr. Robert Murphy (United States) drew a sharp reply from Mr. Smirnov when he pressed against Russia's demand for participation in the peace settlement.

Mr. Smirnov said the accusation was unfounded. "They are entitled to express their views, but the Potsdam decision made the Four Powers responsible for drafting the treaty," he said.

Mr. Smirnov contended only the Big Four should be members of the proposed four permanent committees on various peace treaty problems, while the other three sought participation for Allied belligerents. —United Press.

More Mines In N.E. Pacific

Seattle, Nov. 11.—United States and Canadian Coast Guard vessels today hunted for additional Japanese mines in Northeast Pacific waters.

One mine was reported 40 miles west of the mouth of the Columbia River, and the U.S. cutter McClean was dispatched to dispose of it. It was the thirteenth mine spotted in coastal waters in the past 10 days. The Coast Guard cutter Bonham is looking for a mine off Yaquina Head, on the Oregon coast. Two floating mines were destroyed off Heceta Head, Oregon, yesterday.

Canadian naval vessels, patrolling off the coast of Vancouver Island for mines, sighted one near Carmanah last night. —United Press.

700-YEAR-OLD CUSTOM

London, Nov. 11.—The Mayor and 23 Councillors of High Wycombe, Buckinghamshire, were weighed in a ceremony yesterday in observance of a 700-year-old custom based on determining whether the town officials had been slack during their term of office.

The Daily Herald, Labour Party newspaper, gleefully reported that nearly all of the officials had gained weight—traditionally assumed to mean that they have not been working hard—despite dire warnings about the British diet.

The Herald also noted that the Councillors were predominantly Conservative. —United Press.

Marihuana Found By Customs

Sydney, Nov. 11.—The largest quantity of marihuana ever found in Australia was seized by Customs men in a raid on the United States liner, Marine Phoenix, and three negro crew members in whose quarters the drug was discovered, were arrested.

Two of the men were porters and the third a messboy. Each was sentenced to 12 months' hard labour after the Crown Prosecutor described the drug as a sex stimulant and asked for a heavy penalty. —United Press.

Royal Command Stars Sail

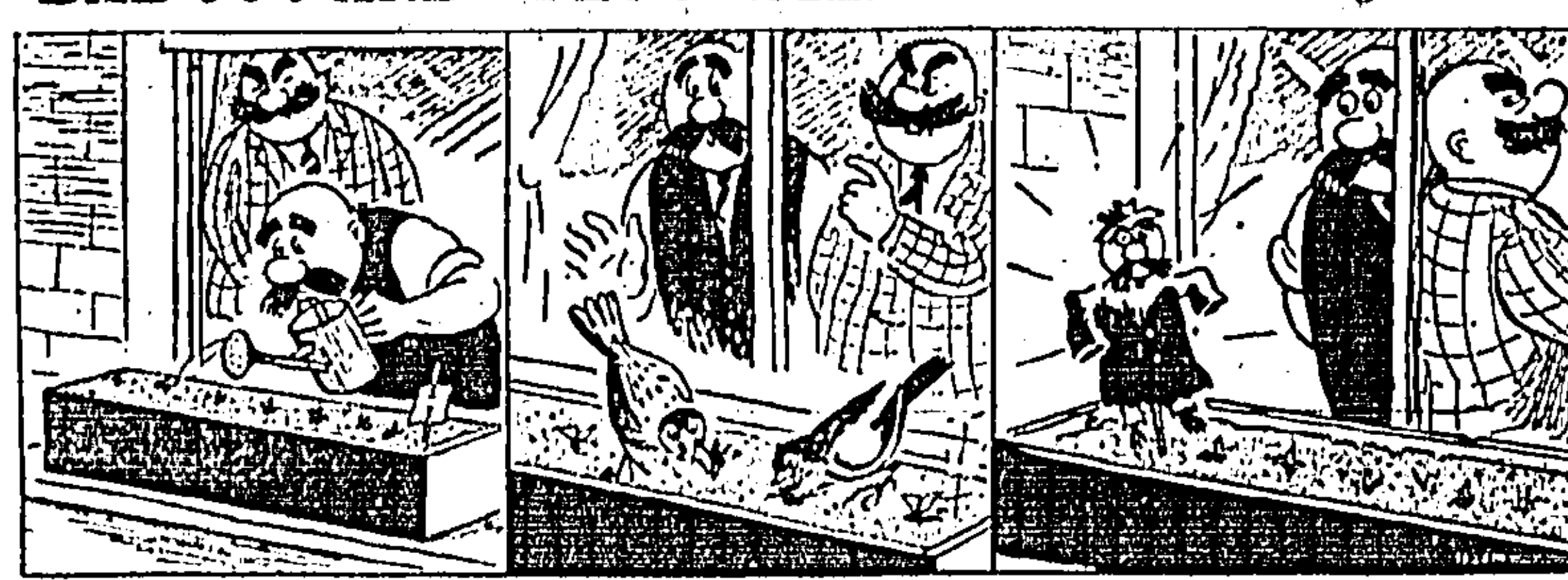
Hollywood, Nov. 11.—Five Hollywood screen stars, who will represent the American Film Industry at the second Royal Command Performance before the King and Queen, will sail from New York on Wednesday in the Queen Mary.

They are Bob Hope, Robert Montgomery, Loretta Young, Alexis Smith and Craig Stevens. "The Bishop's Wife" is the film to be shown. —Associated Press.

UNESCO BUDGET

Mexico City, Nov. 11.—Dr Julian Huxley, director general of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation, today submitted a 1948 budget calling for expenditures of US\$9,507,821—an increase of US\$2,632,462 over 1947. —Associated Press.

DAB... AND FLOUNDER



by Walter

MARSHALL PLAN CALLS FOR \$300,000,000 FOR CHINA

Washington, Nov. 11.—The Secretary of State, Gen. George C. Marshall, continuing his plea for quick and early aid to war-stricken countries, today said the Government will ask Congress for about US\$300,000,000 to help China. Gen. Marshall said the proposed United States spending in China would be about \$20,000,000 monthly, indicating that the aid would spread over a 15-month period.

Under questioning by the Chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, Arthur Vandenberg, Gen. Marshall estimated that the United States' overall foreign aid programme would require about \$2,657,000,000 in new appropriations for the current fiscal year ending next June 30.

Gen. Marshall said these new appropriations would be subdivided into \$507,000,000 immediate emergency aid to Austria, France and Italy; \$500,000,000 more for the Army in occupied areas; \$1,500,000,000 for the first instalment of the long-range Marshall plan, and \$90,000,000 for the first instalment of aid to China.

STUDENTS' GIFT TO PRINCESS

London, Nov. 11.—A dozen students from as many lands called at Buckingham Palace today with a wedding present for Princess Elizabeth and Lieut. Philip Mountbatten from the International Language Club—a suitably inscribed silver salver.

The deputations was received by Elizabeth's private secretary, John Rupert Colville, who said the Princess, as one of the world's foremost leaders of youth, "will deeply appreciate your gift and the warm sentiment behind it."

Three members of the committee—Sam Morril of Grenada, in the Windward Islands, Yusuf Fely of Cairo, Egypt, and Max Behlencourt of Paris—expressed themselves afterwards in virtually identical words.

"We couldn't have been more hospitably received. Our only regret is that we weren't able to speak to the Princess herself." —Associated Press.

Ideological War Warning

London, Nov. 11.—Dr Cyril F. Garbett, Archbishop of York, declared today that Britain must guard against being involved in an ideological struggle against Russia.

The Archbishop, recently returned from a tour of Eastern Europe, spoke at a London literary luncheon.

"I came away from my visit to Europe convinced that we in this country ought to take no part nor give any support to those appeals which are sometimes made to us from the other side of the Atlantic to line up against Russia and against Communism," he declared. "If there is a real gulf between East and West, we are making preparations for another war in the future." —Associated Press.

LATEST BUDGET GUESSES

London, Nov. 11.—Last minute guesses about Britain's crisis budget to be revealed to the House of Commons tomorrow by the Chancellor of the Exchequer, Mr. Hugh Dalton, are focused on several chief possibilities.

1.—An increased purchase tax on some luxury goods.
2.—New types of taxation, including a tax on gas and electricity, which would have both control and consumption and raise extra money.

3.—A wider company profits tax.
4.—An increase in the tax on tobacco, which last April had raised the retail price of cigarettes to 3/4d. The effect of the April increase was to cut public consumption by 20 percent. Any new tax would be undertaken to spread out existing stocks now that Britain has stopped buying tobacco from the United States.

It has been estimated that to extend the present stocks over two years instead of one, another 40 percent reduction in consumption would be needed. —Reuter.

Gen. Marshall said he could not present details of the China programme at the moment due to the intricacy of the Chinese problem. He explained: "In Europe we have a basis for rehabilitation that we do not possess in China. We need a basis for approaching the problem of stabilising currency."

Dollar Inflation

Gen. Marshall said the inflation of the Chinese dollar has reached an "extraordinary degree," and the military budget is sapping the resources of the country. He added that the State Department has been trying to draw up concrete proposals since May. "We think we now have an approach which we can present to the Congress."

Gen. Marshall also said, under questioning by Senator Vandenberg, that more funds probably would be asked under the Greek-Turkish aid programme, but probably not for this fiscal year. He said the United States must make Germany self-sufficient without restoring her war potential.

At the same time, he charged that other countries were guilty of "perversion of facts" in claiming that this nation sought to rearm Germany and rebuild her war potential.

Gen. Marshall said restoration of Germany economy is necessary, firstly, to take that defeated nation "off the backs" of American taxpayers, and secondly, to contribute to the general European reconstruction and economic restoration. He said some persons had "propagandised" with the "perversion of facts" that the United States was interested in rebuilding the German war machine.

Heart Of Europe

The Secretary of State emphasised that this was not correct and that the United States would protest against the rebuilding of Germany's war potential.

The remarks on Germany were touched off by Senator Vandenberg, who pressed Marshall as to whether the four-year plan for European reconstruction would necessarily erect a wall between the East and West.

The Secretary answered by pointing out that the present situation between Russia and the United States "does not require much description." But then he added that there was "hope" that such a division would not be made permanent. Gen. Marshall said Germany comprises the "heart of Europe, particularly in Europe's economic life." He said that if Germany is not rebuilt economically, the United States will be against an "interminable procession of years" during which heavy foreign spending would have to be borne by American taxpayers.

Figures Not Firm

The Under-Secretary of State, Robert Lovett, said at Marshall's side, he emphasised that the China spending figures were "not firm as yet but comprised a rough estimate. America and for China appeared to stem directly from the still secret report recently made to President Truman by Lt.-Gen. Albert Wedemeyer.

Marshall's testimony came after Representative Walter H. Judd revealed that during his recent Far East tour, "Gen. MacArthur told me frankly that his greatest worry now is not the success of his programme in Japan, but the situation in China. He said his programme in Japan cannot succeed and Japan become self-sustaining to secure a democratic nation unless there is an independent China with which she can carry on trade. In other words, Japan cannot get along without American dollars and soldiers if China is disrupted or under the control of the Communists."

Must Help China

Judd told a reporter: "MacArthur knows his work cannot be sustained in Japan without American dollars and soldiers if China is in chaos or under the Communists." Judd said Marshall's remarks about the urgency of the European situation apply equally to Asia, "so unless we carry out a programme of helping China to win this civil war and then assist in economic reforms which will enable her to get back on her feet, we face the prospect of either subsidising Japan and thus to the tune of hundreds of millions of dollars yearly plus keeping tens of thousands of American troops there indefinitely to defend them, or of walking out on our commitments and turning Asia over to the Soviet bloc with enormous hazard involved to our national security."

Judd said he left Japan with no knowledge whether MacArthur had political plans. —United Press.

PHILIPPINES STAND ON RECOVERY

Manila, Nov. 11.—The Manila Evening News, quoting a high Administration source, said today that the Philippines will press for the speedy economic recovery of war-torn Oriental countries at the convention of the Economic Commission for Asia and the Far East opening in Baguio City on November 24, but would block early consideration of the SCAP proposal to discuss Japan's post-war economy.

The paper said the Philippines will take the initiative in helping Oriental countries to secure immediate assistance from specialised United Nations agencies such as the World Bank and the International Monetary Fund.

The Philippines, however, will block discussion of proposals for Japan's post-war economy on grounds that such a programme is out of place in a conference intended to formulate a recovery plan for Japanese despoiled countries. —United Press.

Shanghai To Play Kowloon XI

The Shanghai Interport cricket team will complete their programme on Sunday next with an all-day match against a Kowloon XI.

The match will be played at the Kowloon Cricket Club, starting at 11 a.m.

The Kowloon XI will be: E. C. Fincher (KCC), C. I. Stapleton (KCC), D. E. Lee (KCC), W. H. Colledge (KCC), K. Lo (KCC), S. A. Gray (KCC), Dr E. L. Gosano (Recreio), J. M. Gosano (Recreio), L. G. Gosano (Recreio) and A. M. Prata (Recreio).

On Saturday, the following will represent the KCC in a cricket match against the University at the KCC, starting 2 p.m.: C. Pope (capt.), J. Barrow, R. G. Labrum, E. Randall, V. H. White, F. H. Rand, L. B. Burch, Rev. P. Smith, S. A. E. White, V. C. Bond and S. C. Truman; 12th man, R. H. A. Lapsley.

ACTION TO ROUND UP SPIVS

London, Nov. 11.—A new Government order to compel men and women engaged in betting and gambling, including football pools and amusement arcades, night clubs and street trading, to undertake essential work, was announced in the House of Commons today by the Minister of Labour, Mr George Isaacs.

"People in these occupations will have to register. They will then be called to an employment exchange for interview and be offered employment on essential work. If necessary, they will be formally directed to it," he said.

Answering questions, Mr Isaacs said there was no desire to send people to prison for failure to comply with the order, but in these days everyone who wanted to eat and live ought at least to be performing some service. —Reuter.

SELL-OUT FOR MATCH

London, Nov. 11.—A rush on tickets for the post-war first international match between Sweden and England at Highbury on November 19 has resulted in a sellout of all reserved seats.

The only admission left is standing room at two shillings and unreserved seats at six shillings and seven shillings and sixpence. —Associated Press.

CHECK YOUR KNOWLEDGE

Answers
1. In China in 300 B.C. as decorations for warriors' shields. 2. Corsica. 3. Korea occupies a peninsula across the Sea of Japan from the Japanese Islands. 4. A crime committed against or an attempt to commit a crime against the sovereignty of a state. E. Rosa Bonheur, C. British New Guinea.

Malaya Tin Machinery Delayed

London, Nov. 11.—Answering a question in the House of Commons today about the delay in sending machinery for the Malayan tin producing industry, a Government spokesman said that it would not be desirable to give special priority to the needs of one of many dollar earning or dollar saving industries.

Mr. Barnett Janner, (Labour)—asked the Minister for Economic Affairs, Sir Stafford Cripps, whether the Economic Planning Board had now considered the problem involved by the fact that certain types of plant and equipment required by the tin producing industry of Malaya were also required for home production and export outside the Empire.

He asked what decision had been reached on this problem, having regard to the dollar earning capacity of the Malayan tin mining industry.

The Postmaster-General, who said that he had been asked to reply, declared: "I am aware that a certain amount of delay in the production of tin mining plant and equipment is due to competition with other urgent and essential demands for plant and machinery of a similar kind."

"It would not be desirable to give special priority to the needs of one of many dollar earning or dollars saving industries." —Reuter.

"Tokyo Rose" Expects Baby

Mesa, Arizona, Nov. 11.—"Tokyo Rose" is expecting a baby "early next year," she wrote in a letter received by Mark L. Streeter, former writer who spent the war in a Japanese prison camp.

She said she expected a baby, which was the principal reason for her desire to come to America.

She wrote: "I want my baby to be born in the United States, Japan is no country, especially now, in which to have children." Streeter, who is a business man here, was a civilian construction company employee on Wake Island when captured by the Japanese. He was imprisoned near Tokyo with other Allied writers and broadcasters and said they were forced to write anti-United States propaganda. He was held by the United States for 10 months after the war on suspicion of war crimes but was released without charges being filed. —United Press.

OUTWARD MAILS

Unless otherwise stated, registered articles and parcel posts close 20 minutes earlier than the ordinary mail. If mail closes before 10 a.m. registered and parcels will close at 8 p.m. on previous day.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 12

Closing Times By Air

Salmon, 10 a.m.
Manila, P.I., 3.30 p.m.
Swatow and Tainan, 3.30 p.m.
Canton, 4.10 p.m.
Amoy, 4.10 p.m.
Shanghai, 4.10 p.m.
Hongkong, 4.10 p.m.
Tientsin, 4.10 p.m.
Peking, 4.10 p.m.
Canton, 4.10 p.m.
Canton (Train), 7 a.m.
Macao, Tainan & Shekki (Sea) 8 a.m.
Macao (Ordinary letters & cards only) (Sea) 10 a.m.
Bangkok (Sea) Noon.
Hankow (Sea) Noon.
Manila, P.I. (Sea) Noon.
Macao, Tainan & Shekki (Sea) 1 p.m.
Canton (Train), 2 p.m.
Africa, Aden & Egypt (Sea) 2 p.m.
Bangkok (Sea) 3 p.m.
Macao, Tainan, Shekki & Kongmoon (Sea) 4 p.m.
Canton (Sea) 5 p.m.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 13

Closing Times By Air

Shanghai, 9.30 a.m.
Bangkok, 3.30 p.m.
Singapore, Colombo, Surabaya, Sydney and Auckland, 3.30 p.m.
Canton, Kowloon, Hankow and Nanking, 3.30 p.m.
Canton (Train), 7 a.m.
Canton (Train), 7 a.m.
Macao, Tainan & Shekki (Sea) 8 a.m.
Macao (Ordinary letters & cards only) (Sea) 10 a.m.
Macao, Tainan & Shekki (Sea) 1 p.m.
Canton (Train), 2 p.m.
Canada (Parcels only) via Vancouver (Sea) 3 p.m.
Manila, P.I. Australia and New Zealand via Sydney (Sea) 3 p.m.
Straits (Sea) 4 p.m.
Amoy (Sea) 4 p.m.
Macao, Tainan, Shekki & Kongmoon (Sea) 4 p.m.
Canton (Sea) 5 p.m.

TODAY'S BROADCAST

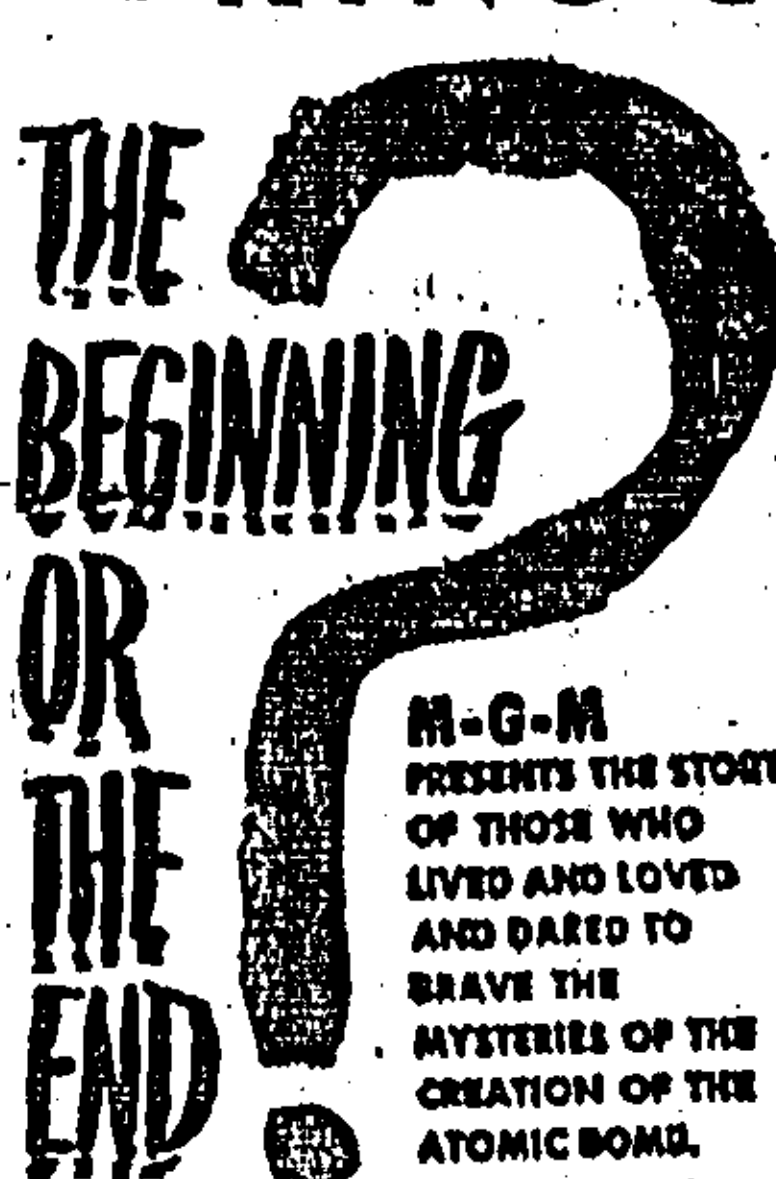
11.00 a.m. Studio: Children's Half Hour. 6.30. Studio: "Anniversary Half Hour." Presented by Monica Jackson. Studio: Saxophone Recital by Emilio Salonga, with Piano accompaniment by Herman Minner. 7.15. "The Two Aliens." Studio: "Bring you music." Classical Request Programme presented by Marion Glover. 8.15. Dance to Victor Silvester & His Ballroom Orchestra. 9.30. B.B.C. Transcription Service: "The Three Musketeers" by Alexandre Dumas. Episode 8. The Fleur de Lys. 10. London Relay. News. 10.10. Weather Report. 10.11. Studio: A Short Story—"Wet Saturday" by John Collier Read by John Gurewilt. 10.30. English Concert. 11.00. Recital: 10.55. Studio: Epilogue. 11.05. Close Down.

BBC PROGRAMME

Transmission of the BBC General Overseas Programme which can be heard in Hongkong this evening. 6.30. Science and everyday life. A talk on recent developments in connection with wool. 10.15. Dendevous players. 10.30. Music while you work. 11.00. The news. 11.10. Home news from Britain. 11.15. Forces' favourite. 12.00. From today's papers. 12.10. News. 12.15. The Lewis and his Jazzmen. 12.30. The news. 13.10. Programme announcements. 13.15. News. 13.20. Studio: Epilogue. 13.30. Close Down.

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Directed by CHARLES Vidor

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TO-MORROW NOV. 13

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WHEN FOOD DISAGREES

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